To compare adropand CRB 65 forpredicting the Severityin Community acquired pneumonia

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I. Introduction

The A-DROP scoring system assesses the following parameters: (i) Age (male >or= 70 years, female >or= 75 years)

- (ii) Dehydration
- (iii) Respiratory failure (SpO(2) <or= 90% or PaO(2) <or= 60 mm Hg); (iv) Orientation disturbance (confusion):
- (v) low blood Pressure (systolic blood pressure <or= 90 mm Hg).

CRB-65 assesses

1.confusion

- 2. respiratory rate >or= 30/min
- 3.low blood pressure diastolic < or= 60 mm Hg or systolic < 90 mmHg
- 4. age >or= 65 years.
- •1. These are thescoring systemsused for assessing severity in community acquired pneumonia (CAP).
- •2. These scoring systems are used to assesseverity of pneumonia where first day Bloodurea values are not avaliable.
- •AIM; To compare the efficacy of A DROP and CRB 65 forpredicting IN HOSPITAL MORTALITY of CAP.
- •INCLUSION CRITERIA
- •Patients diagnosed with pneumonia. •Patients who were admitted.

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

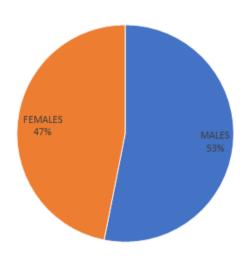
Patients who were not admitted. Patients with mental retardation.

- •MATERIALS AND METHODS; An observational study was conducted on patients with CAP hospitalized at GHCCD.
- •For SpO2 pulse oximetry was used.
- •For dehydration assessmenturine out put, skin turgor were examined.
- •For confusion assessmentnew mental definition of confusion was used.
- •For orientation assessment orientation to time, place and surroundings were used.

II. Results

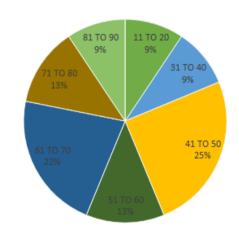
SEXDISTRUBUTION

TOTAL 32



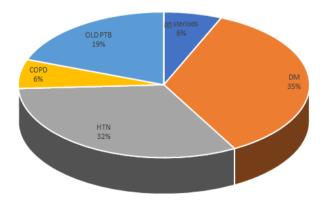
AGE DISTRUBUTION

TOTAL 32



COMORBITIES

comorbities



InHospitaloutcome

In hospital death 13% Discharged was 87%

- •A DROP score as in hospital mortality predictor.
- •score 0 to 1 in hospital mortality percentage is 0% •score2 inhospital mortality percentage is 12.5%.
- •score 3 TO 5 in hospital mortality percentage is 50%
- •CRB 65 score as a in hospital mortality predictor. •For score 0 in hospital mortality percentage is 0%
- •For score 1 TO 2 in hospital mortality percentage is 11.11% •For Score 3 TO 4 In hospital mortality percentage is 50%

III. Conclusion

A-DROP can be used to assessin hospital mortality of CAP, and gives similar results to CRB 65. A DROP is equivalent to CRB 65 for predicting severity of community acquired pneumonia (CAP). DEHYDRATION in A DROP has no significant impact in outcome of CAP.

References

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- [2]. Shindo, Y., Sato, S., Maruyama, E., Ohashi, T., Ogawa, M., Imaizumi, K., & Hasegawa, Y. (2008). Comparison of severity scoring systems A-DROP and CURB-65 for community-acquired pneumonia. *Respirology*, 13(5), 731–735. doi: 10.1111/j.1440-1843.2008.01329.x
- [3]. Bont, J. (2008). Predicting Death in Elderly Patients With Community-Acquired Pneumonia: A Prospective Validation Study Reevaluating the CRB-65 Severity Assessment Tool. Archives of Internal Medicine, 168(13), 1465. doi: 10.1001/archinte.168.13.1465

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